

# Vision

To be recognized as a centre for excellence in teaching and research and to provide an atmosphere of allround growth of the students

# Mission

- To make responsible citizens to protect and save environment
- To develop knowledge and awareness on global geographical issues

# **B.A. Geography**

#### Program Specific Outcomes

PSO 1 Development the analytical capabilities to examine the relationship between local processes and condition and those at the national and global level.

- PSO 2 Resources are crucial for the technological and economic Development of firms inspatial perspective.
- PSO 3 Analyzing the unit in the vast cultural background of india.
- PSO 4 Internet and GIS Advantage of GIS and Principle of Computer Cartography.
- PSO 5 Understanding the natural characteristics of Chhattisgarh and gain knowledge about resources- Reserve, production and problems of conservation of minerals, power of resources, forest resources and populationresources.

# **Course Outcomes**

# <mark>B.A. Part</mark> I

#### BGG01 Physical Geography

- CO1: Understand earths tectonic and structure evolution
- CO2: Gain knowledge about earth interior.
- CO3: Develop an idea about concept of plate tectonics, and Resultant landforms.
- CO4: Acquire knowledge about types of folds and faults and Earthquakes, volcanoesand associated landforms.

#### **BGG02** Human Geography

- CO1: Understand the spatialconnections and complexities of the social world.
- CO2: Developing the analytical capabilities to examine the relation-ship between localprocesses and conditions and those at the national and global level.

#### **BGGL01** Lab course

- CO1: To acquaint the students with basic of statistical data.
- CO2: Learning about chain and tape surveying.

# **B.A. Part II**

# **BGG03** Economic and Resources Geography

- CO1: Resources are crucial for the technological and economic development of firms inspatial perspective.
- CO2: In examining four types of resources material resources, knowledge, power and social capital .
- CO3: Many geographic regions that have not been conducive to Modern economicgrowth have high population densities.
- CO4: Transport costs of international trade are high, tropical regions, which bear a heavyburden of disease.

#### BGG04 Geography of India

- CO1: Explaining the Fundamentals of Geotectonic and Geomorphology.
- CO2: Stabilizing the relationships between landforms, processes and underlying structureAnalyzing the unity in the vast cultural background of india
- CO3: Studying typical physiographic, planning, arid and biotic regions of india.

# **BGGL02** Lab Course

- CO1: Forming a clear concept on map projection.
- CO2: Learning about prismatic surveying.

# **B.A. Part III**

# BGG05 Remote Sensing & GIS

- CO1: Understand the basic principles of microwave remote sensing.
- CO2: Understand the image processing methods
- CO3: Fundamental concept of Arial Photography.
- CO4: To understand the meaning and concept of GIS.
- CO5: Internet and GIS Advantage of GIS CO6: Principle of Computer Cartography.

# BGG06 Geography of Chhattisgarh

- CO1: Understand the natural characteristics of Chhattisgarh.
- CO2: Gain knowledge aboutresources, Reserves, production and problems of conservation of mineral, power of resources, forest resources and population resources.
- CO3: Understand the economy and its impact.

# BGGL03 Lab Course

- CO1: Gain knowledge about topographical maps and apply this knowledge in groundsurface.
- CO2: Train the students in the art of representing demographic and socio-economicdatabase of any area through simple statistical techniques and cartograms.
- CO3: Learning about plain table surveying.

# M.A. Geography

#### **Program Specific Outcomes**

- PSO 1 Understanding the basic Geographical factors and process and Geography as a science of earth surface.
- PSO 2 Understanding Earth movement and exogenetic process.
- PSO 3 Understanding recent trend in economic Geography and Evaluating resources and its conservation.
- PSO 4 Evaluating environmental issues and effects on the earth.
- PSO 5 Evaluating impact of human on marine environment and contemporary issues of Indian agriculture.

# COURSE OUTCOME

# SEMESTER I

# MGG101 GEOMORPHOLOGY

CO1: The students have to be sensitized to background knowledge of geology and environmental sciences.

- CO2: To familiarize the student with the need for understanding of geomorphology with reference to certain fundamental concept, focusing on the unity of geomorphology.
- CO3: Finally a few selected applications of geomorphology to societal requirements and quality of environment are dealt with.

#### MGG102 ECONOMIC GEOGRAPHY

- CO1: To understand the world is undergoing rapid transformation in recent time.
- CO2: Classification of economics, local and spatial organization: sector of economics.
- CO3: Natural resources, classification renewable and non -renewable biotic and abiotic.
- CO4: Agriculture- physical, social, cultural environment influencing crop production
- CO5: Minerals and industries classification of minerals: ferrous and non -ferrous and there world distribution.

#### MGG103 REGIONAL GEOGRAPHY OF INDIA

- CO1: The aim of the course is to familiarize the students with a MESO and a micro-region of the country in its totality.
- CO2: To prepare the students for understanding the region as a dynamic entity emergingfrom the interaction and interrelationship of the
- CO3: Physical and socio-economic elements of the regional structure over time.
- CO4: To evaluate the intra-regional and inter-regional hierarchic space relationship of theregion and its implications for the future.

# MGG104 HISTORY OF GEOGRAPHICAL THOUGHT

- CO1: To introduce the students to the philosophical and methodological foundations of the subject and its place in the world of knowledge.
- CO2: To familiarize them with the major landmarks in development of geographicthought at different period of time.

# MGGL 01 ADVANCE CARTOGRAPHY

- CO1: Understand to Thematic maps.
- CO2: Evaluating morphometric analysis.
- CO3: Understand to the map projection.

# SEM<mark>ESTER II</mark>

#### MGG201 CLIMATOLOGY

- CO1: To provide an understanding of weather phenomena.
- CO2: The aim of global climates changes.
- CO3: To the generation of climatic information and their application.

# MGG202 POP<mark>ULATION GEOGRAPHY</mark>

CO1: The students to the complex dimensions of Population.

CO2: To understand and evaluate the association between demographic and socio-economic development. CO3: To understand the role and relationship between population and environmentalchange.

#### MGG203 REGIONAL PLANING AND DEVELOPMENT

- CO1: To understand and evaluate the concept of region in geography and its role and relevance in regional planning.
- CO2: Identify the issues relation to the development of the region through the process of spatial organization of various attributes and their relationship.
- CO3: To identify the causes of regional disparities in development, perspectives and policyimperatives.

#### MGG204 REMOTE SENSING TECHNIQUES

CO1: To introduce to the students the basic principles of Remote Sensing.

CO2: To indicate the methods of visual and digital interpretations of satellite imageries.

CO3: To outline the application value of remote sensing.

# MGGL201 MAP PROJECTION, INTERPRETATION OF TOPOSHEET ANDSURVEYING

- CO1: Understand to the Map projection construction of world projection.
- CO2: Understand to the computer cartography.
- CO3: Evaluating dumpy level and Theodolite survey.

#### SEMESTER III

#### MGG301 OCEANOGRAPHY

- CO1: To objectives of the course are introduce students to the many facets of Oceans
- CO2: To the evolution of Oceans, Physical and chemical properties of sea water, atmospheric and Oceanographic circulation.
- CO3: The characteristic of marine environment and the impact of man on the marineenvironment

#### MGG302 SETLEMENT GEOGRAPHY

- CO1: The students with the conceptual theoretical and empirical development insettlement studies in Geography and the current settlement scenario in India.
- CO2: The students with the problems of population growth and environmentaldegradation in human settlements.
- CO3: To provide the students an idea about international and national concerns onsettlement issues.

#### MGG303 REGIONAL GEOGRAPHY OF MESO REGION OF THE WORLD

- CO1: To understand the grouping of a few countries as regions based on geographicalhistorical, political compulsions and cultural similarities.
- CO2: To explore the forward and backward linkages of regions with the rest of theworld.
- CO3: To understand the need for regional cooperation for development.

#### MGG 304 GEOGRAPHY AND ECOSYSTEM

- CO1: To understand the general systems-ecological concepts-geography as humanecology.
- CO2: To understanding the biodiversity and its conservation biodiversity regions of India.
- CO3: To understand the population growth and environment.
- CO4: Environmental legislation- environmental laws in india-wild life Act.

# MGG301 REMOTE SENSING AND QUANTITATIVETECHNIQUES

- CO1: Understand to the Measures of central tendency.
- CO2: Evaluating hypothesis testing chi square and T test.
- CO3: Understand to the Gis and GPS.

#### SEMESTER IV

#### MGG401 AGRICULTURAL GEOGRAPHY

- CO1: To understand the student with concept origin and development of Agriculture.
- CO2: The students with the application of various theories model and classificationschemes of cropping pattern and productivity.
- CO3: Understand to discuss environmental, technological and social issues inagriculture

#### MGG402 BIO- GEOGRAPHY

- CO1: To introduce the student concept of Biogeography and its, interpretation.
- CO2: Information and their application, interaction between living organisms withclimate and physical environment with special reference to India.

# MGG403 NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

- CO1: To understand concepts and approaches of natural resource management. CO2:To examine use and misuse of various resources and to analysis future prospects.
- CO3: To study various methods and approaches of conservation and management ofnatural resources.
- CO4: To analysis natural resources' scenario through different techniques, especiallyremote sensing and GIS.
- CO5: To understand the concept of sustainable and integrated resource

#### MGG404 GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION SYSTEM & COMPUTER MAPPING

CO1: To introduce GIS (Geographical Information system) as a tool spatial science.

CO2: To indicate the basic elements of GIS and methodology of GIS.

CO3: To outline the steps and areas of application of GIS

# MGGL401 PROJECT BASED ON FIELD WORK (PHYSICAL AND SOCIO -ECONOMIC SURVEY)

CO1: Understand to the conduct a socio- economic survey of the households with astructured.

CO2: Procure a cadastral map of the village/Town for field mapping of the features of and use and land quality.



